

HELLO

my name is

Michelle
dela Cruz

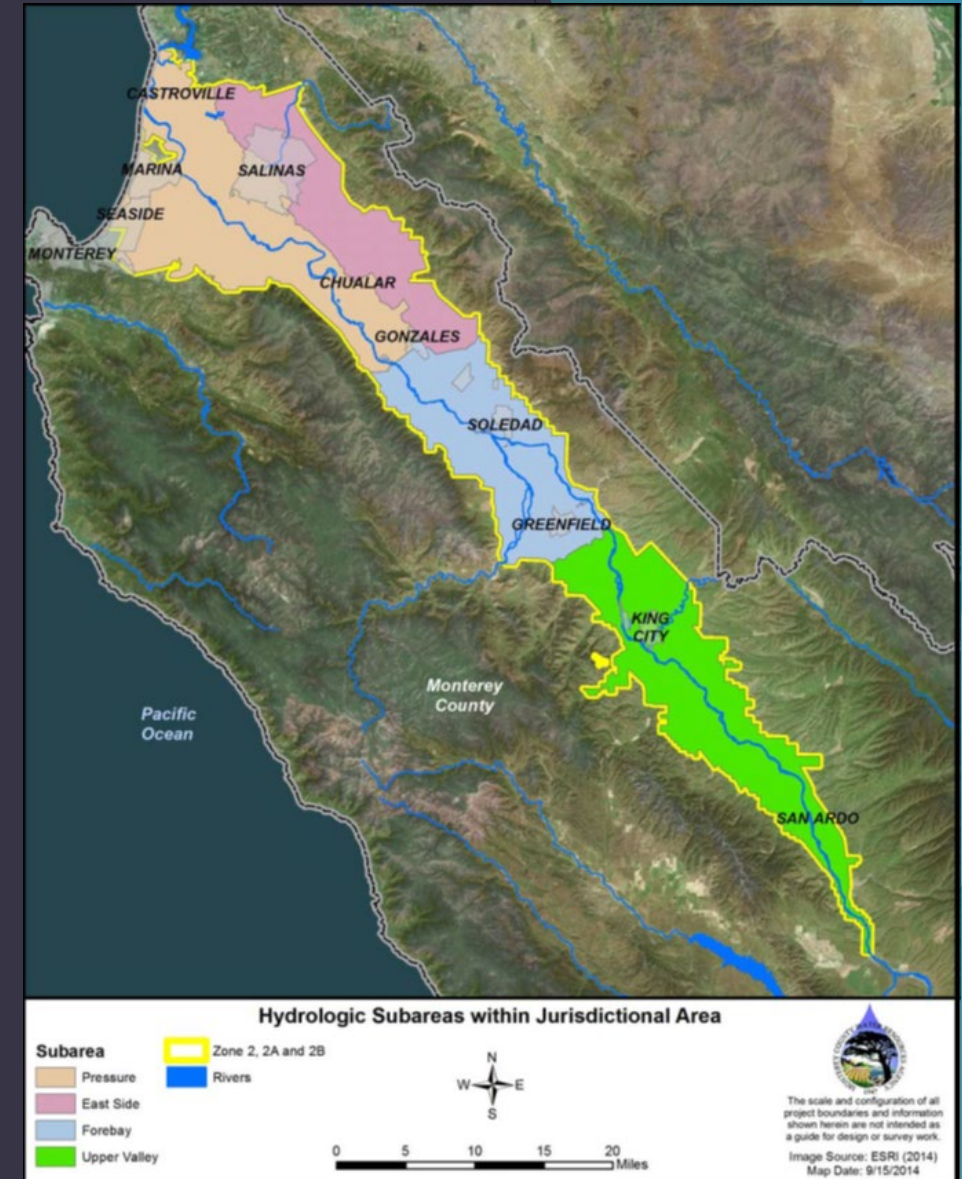
What are some ways to reduce groundwater extraction in the Salinas River Groundwater Basin?

Michelle dela Cruz

Fall 2015

Introduction & Background

- Primary water source:
Salinas River Groundwater Basin
- Recharge reservoirs:
Lake San Antonio & Lake Nacimiento
- Consumers:
Agriculture, Residents, & Environment
- Drought = Over-drafting
- Seawater Intrusion
- 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act



Introduction & Background

► General Approaches:

1. Institutional:

Manage water consumption through policy

2. Technological:

Develop technology to meet water demand

► Policy Options:

1. Maintain existing agricultural water regulations

2. Increase agricultural water regulations

Stakeholder Perspectives: The Agriculture Industry

► Central Values:

- Economic Sustainability
- Food Production

► Facts:

- Top vegetable-producing region in the nation
- 570 million lbs. of produce exported annually worldwide
- Contributes \$8.1 billion/year to local economy

► Empirical Assumption:

- Limiting groundwater will negatively impact economy and farmland



Stakeholder Perspectives: County Residents

► Central Value:

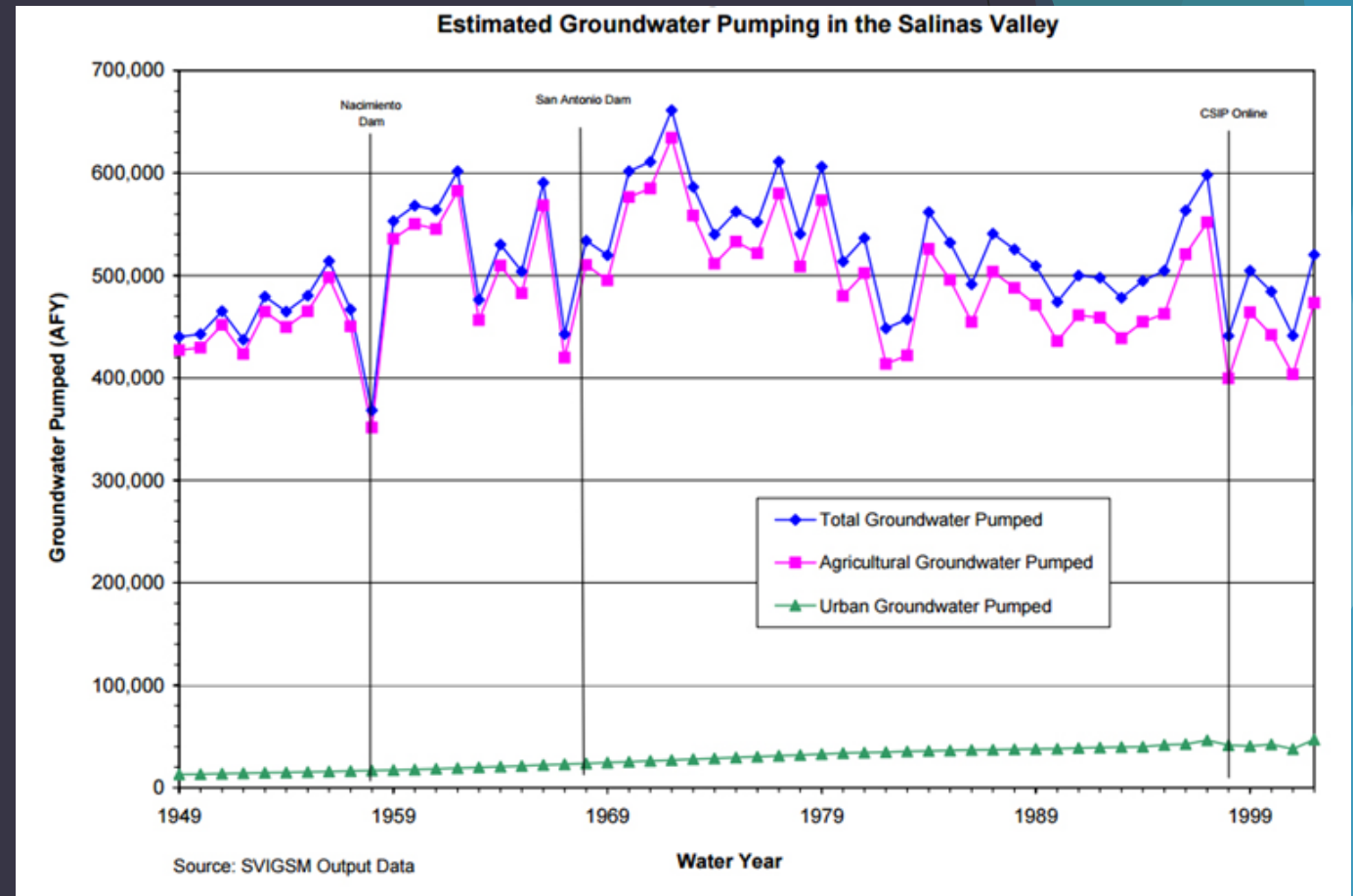
- Water Sustainability/Security

► Facts:

- Ag. excluded from mandatory statewide water reduction
- Ag. consumes 90% of extracted groundwater (human use)

► Empirical Assumption:

- Addressing major consumer more effective for groundwater conservation



Evaluation of Policy Options

Policy Option	Environmental Sustainability	Economic Sustainability	Social Equity
Maintain existing agricultural water regulations	<div>-</div> <div>- Current extraction unsustainable (some areas)</div>	<div>+</div> <div>- Maintains agriculture production</div>	<div>0</div> <div>- Job security (+) - Unequal conservation (-)</div>
Increase agricultural water regulations	<div>+</div> <div>- Limits major consumer</div>	<div>-</div> <div>- Reduces agriculture production</div>	<div>+</div> <div>- Raises agriculture water conservation accountability</div>

Recommendation:

Maintain existing agricultural water regulations!

Recommendation: Limitations

Limited understanding of:

1. Relevant Geologic Processes

- Groundwater levels and recharge rate
- Soil erosion on fallowed (unplanted) farmland

2. Economic Impacts

- How many businesses indirectly rely on agriculture?

3. Public Opinion

- Lacking stakeholder representative for county residents

Recommendation: Concessions

- Policy option not recommended:
 - Increasing agricultural water regulations
- Missed opportunity to:
 - Significantly reduce groundwater pumping
 - Allow greater recharge
 - Mitigate seawater intrusion

Recommendation: Justification

- ▶ Greater weight to economic sustainability
- ▶ Lacking data for environmental sustainability
- ▶ Acknowledgement of improved irrigation and yields
- ▶ Complementary approaches

Recommendation: Consequences and Implications

- ▶ Loss of groundwater resource
 - Entire consumption of groundwater in critical subareas
 - Accelerating seawater intrusion
- ▶ Ripple effects of water shortage
 - Agriculture business goes down
 - Agriculture jobs go down

Recommendation: Accountability

► Sustainable Groundwater Management Act

- Establishment of local management agency by 2017
- State government intervention if region cannot meet requirements

Recommendation: Conclusion

- ▶ Need more research
 - Groundwater is a difficult concept to imagine
 - New legislature for better groundwater data
- ▶ Allow time for changes
 - California farmers work towards sustainability
 - Different approaches before limiting key industry

Self-Assessment

& Questions!